

Policy Opportunities for CN Development in Africa

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Impact of Communication Networks

Malaria Journal

Research

Role of information and communication networks in malaria survival Pallab Mozumder¹ and Achla Marathe^{*2}

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Abstract

Background: Quite often symptoms of malaria go unrecognized or untreated. Accor ling to the Multilateral Initiative on Malaria, 70% of the malaria cases there are treated at home are mismanaged. Up to 82% of all malaria episodes in sub-Saharan Africa are treated outside the formal health sector. Fast and appropriate diagnosis and treatment of malaria is extremely important in reducing morbidity and mortality.



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Regulating ForInclusion20182

Received: 24 April 2007 Accepted: 10 October 2007 BioMed Central

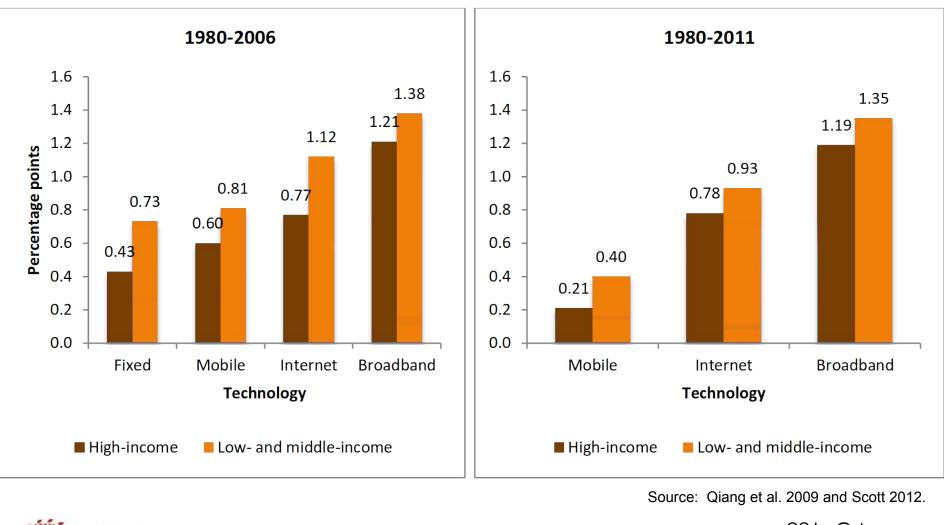
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proximity to communication networks decreases the chance of dying from Malaria

Simple

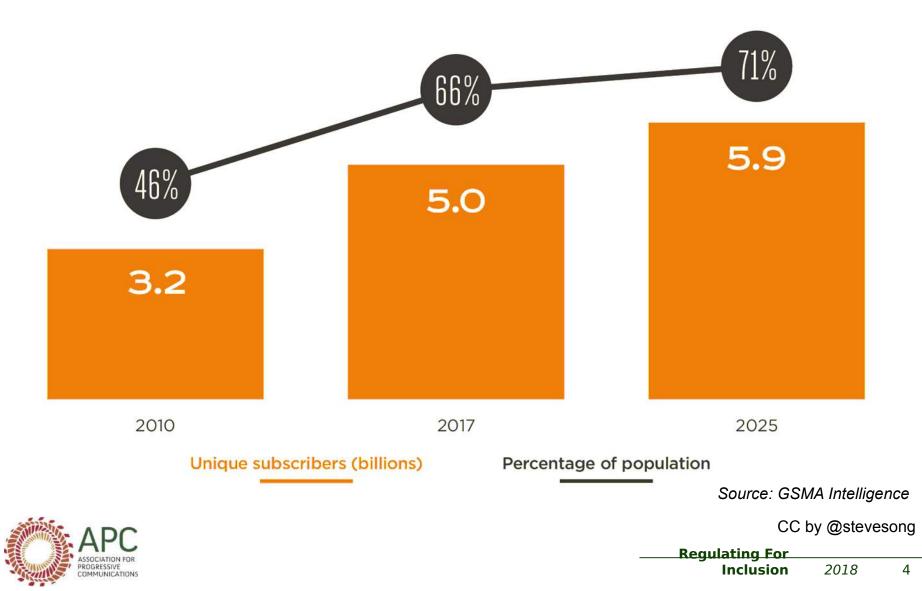
Impact of ICTs on GDP



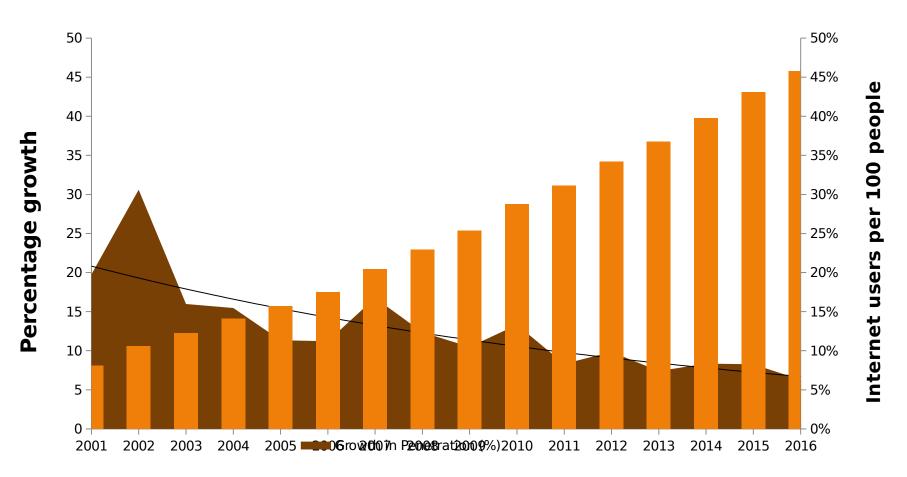


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Mobile Subscriber Growth Slowing



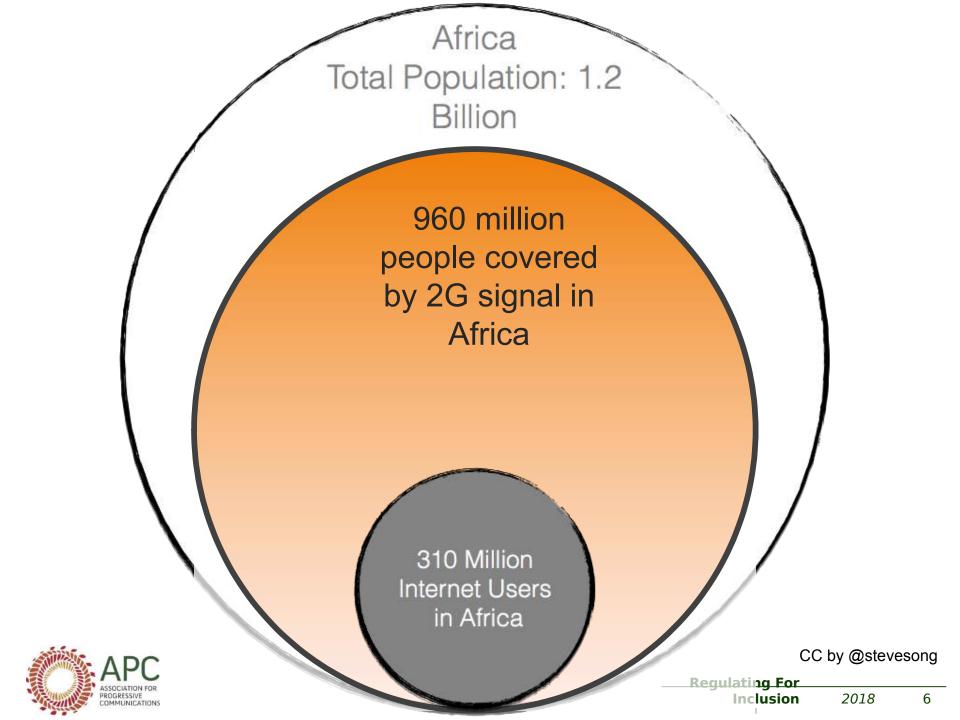
Internet Growth Slowing



Source: ITU/World Bank/Richard Thanki

CC by @stevesong



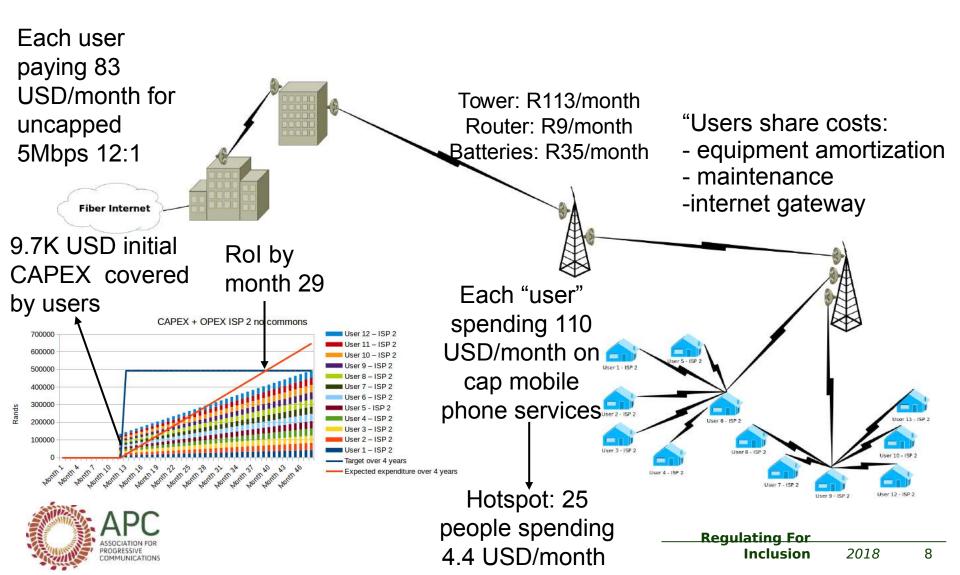


Solutions?

Single paradigm: commercial large operators



Non-commercial & cost-based models: Community Networks



RECOMMENDATION ITU-D 19

Telecommunications for rural and remote areas

3 that community access to ICT facilities and services is particularly important in rural and remote areas: business models which can achieve financial and operational sustainability can be operated by local entrepreneurs supported by a variety of initiatives, and these facilities, where necessary, should also be supported by universal service funds as an essential component of rural communications;

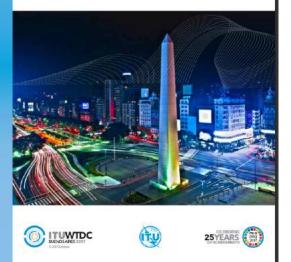
6 that enhancing local technical expertise and adoption are important for successful implementation of ICT services and applications in rural and remote areas, and attention should thus be paid to training, exchange of information and sharing of maintenance facilities in order to achieve sustainability and viability;

10 that it is important to consider small and non-profit community operators, through appropriate regulatory measures that allow them to access basic infrastructure on fair terms, in order to provide broadband connectivity to users in rural and remote areas, taking advantage of technological advances;

11 that it is also important that administrations, in their radio-spectrum planning and licensing activities, consider mechanisms to facilitate the deployment of broadband services in rural and remote areas by small and nonprofit community operators;

Final Report

World Telecommunication Development Conference (WTDC-17) Buenos Aires, Argentina, 9-20 October 2017





Licensing

- Requirements to get licensed
 - Business model, technical details
- Costs to get a licence
 - National, regional
- Compliance
 - Ongoing bureaucracy
 - Annual fees, contributions to USF
 - Tax return
- Spectrum fees



Certificate issued by the Commissioner of Companies & Intellectual Property Commission on Monday, March 17, 2014 at 13:43

Certificate of Registration

CR10

Registration Number: 2014/002051/24 Enterprise Name ZENZELENI TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK PRIMARY CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED Companies and Intellectual **Property Commission** a member of the dti group

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA **CO-OPERATIVES ACT, 2005**

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A CO-OPERATIVE (SECTION 7)

I hereby certify that

ZENZELENI TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK PRIMARY CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

was registered on

5/2/2014

under Section 7 of the Co-Operatives Act, 2005 (Act 14 of 2005). with registration number

2014 / 002051 / 24

as a Primary Co-Operative with a limited liability. Its constitution was also registered on the same date.

I further certify that

ZENZELENI TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK PRIMARY CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

is with effect from 5/2/2014 entitled to commence business.

REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVES

Physical Address the dtl Campus - Block F 77 Meintjies Street Sunnyside 0001

Postal Address: Co-operatives Docex: 256 Web: www.cipc.co.za Contact Centre: 086 100 2472 (CIPC) Contact Centre (International): +27 12 394 9500

Private Bag x237

Pretoria

0001



Page 2 of 2



Independent Communications Authority of South Africa Pinmill Farm, 164 Katherine Street, Sandton Private Bag X10002, Sandton, 2146

> Licensing and Compliance Tel: +27 11 566 3645 Fax: +27 11 566 3646 Email: ahlabioa@icasa.org.za Ref: PECN/0018/2014/ECSLE/0003/2014

Masibulele Siya

Zenzeleni Telecommunications Network Primary Co-Operattive Limited Mankosi Administrative area Ward 26, Nyandeni Municipality Eastern Cape

Per email: iaysiya26@gmail.com

Dear Masibulele Siya

RE: APPLICATION FOR PECN AND ECS LICENCE EXEMPTIONS: ZENZELENI NETWORK

- 1. We refer to your application received on 14 April 2014 for Private Electronic Communications Network Service (PECN) and Electronic Communications Service licence exemption.
- 2. We advise that the Authority has granted Zenzeleni Telecommunications Network Primary Co-Operative Limited a licence exemption to construct, maintain and operate a PECN to be used principally for or integrally related to the internal operations of Zenzeleni Network.

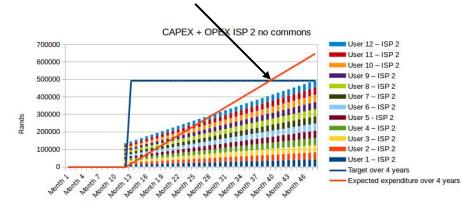
Dr SS Mncube (Chairperson), NA Batyi, WH Currie, JM Lebooa, MR Mohlaloga, N Ndhlovu, KGS Pillay, Dr MM Socikwa, WF Stucke (Councillors), PK Pongwana (CEO)

Funding these initiatives

Cost is past down to the users

Crowdsourced by users

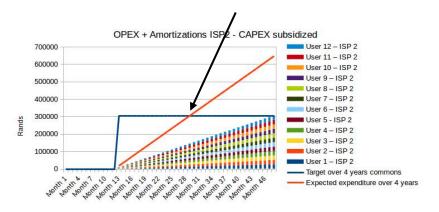
Rol by month 29



Each user paying 83 USD/month

Subsidized CAPEX

Rol by month 17



Each user paying 51 USD/month



Universal Service and other Funds

COUNTRY	YEAR OF MOST RECENT REPORT	ESTIMATED UNSPENT FUNDS (US\$ MILLION)
BENIN	2016	9.65
BOTSWANA	2016	14.02
BURKINA FASO (currently inactive and preparing for disbursements)	2016	77.71
CÔTE D'IVOIRE	2017	0.00
GHANA	2016	5.89
KENYA	2016	42.01
LIBERIA (currently inactive and preparing for disbursements)	2016	0.47
MADAGASCAR	2015	15.54
MOZAMBIQUE	2016	1.32
NIGERIA	2016	0.00
RWANDA	2016	0.00
SOUTH AFRICA	2016	10.00
UGANDA	2015	0.00
TOTAL		176.6

Source: A4AI Interviews with USAFs (2018), ECOWAS surveys (2017), and publicly available information

Community Networks 12 March 2018

EN ES

Internet Society and the OAS through CITEL sign an agreement to bring the Internet closer to rural areas of the Americas



Buenos Aires, 12th of March 2018 – The General Secretariat of the Organization of American States (OAS), through its Inter-American Telecommunication Commission (CITEL), and the Internet Society (ISOC), a global organization that promotes the development of the open Internet, signed a collaboration agreement to promote the creation of new community networks that provide access to rural and remote areas of the Americas.

Other public support

- Other departments involved
 - S&T, Industry, Rural Dev, Education...
- Endorsement
- Training (vocational colleges)
- Interns
- Accessible Information
- Access to other resources (towers, fiber, spectrum)

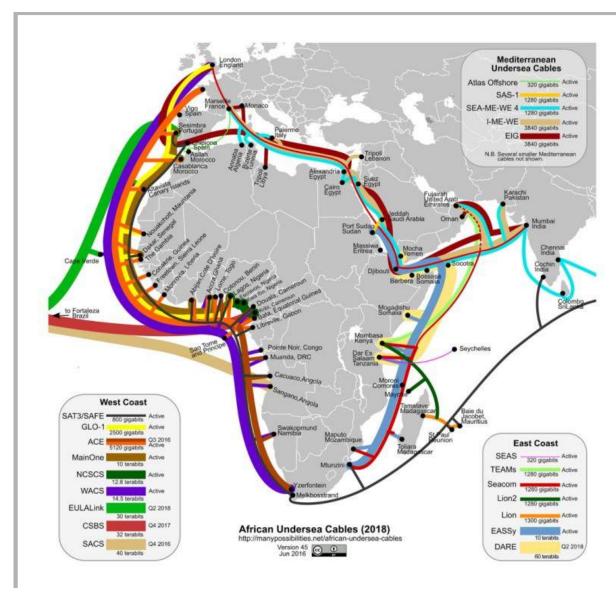


Opportunity FIBRE OPTIC INFRASTRUCTURE



Impact of Fibre Optic Undersea Cables

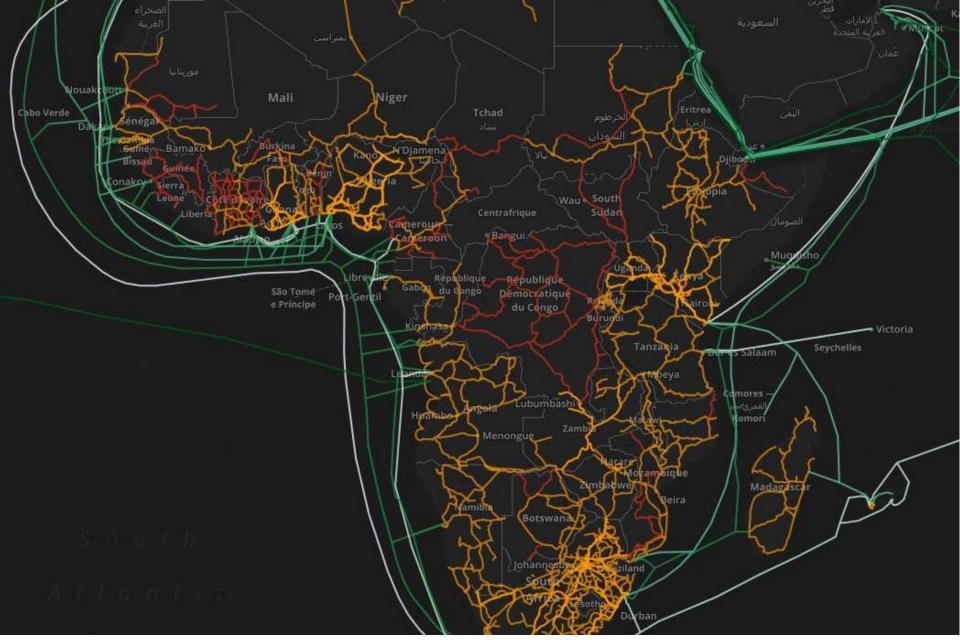
The growth of undersea fibre optic capacity has been a catalyst for change.





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Inclusion	2018	16





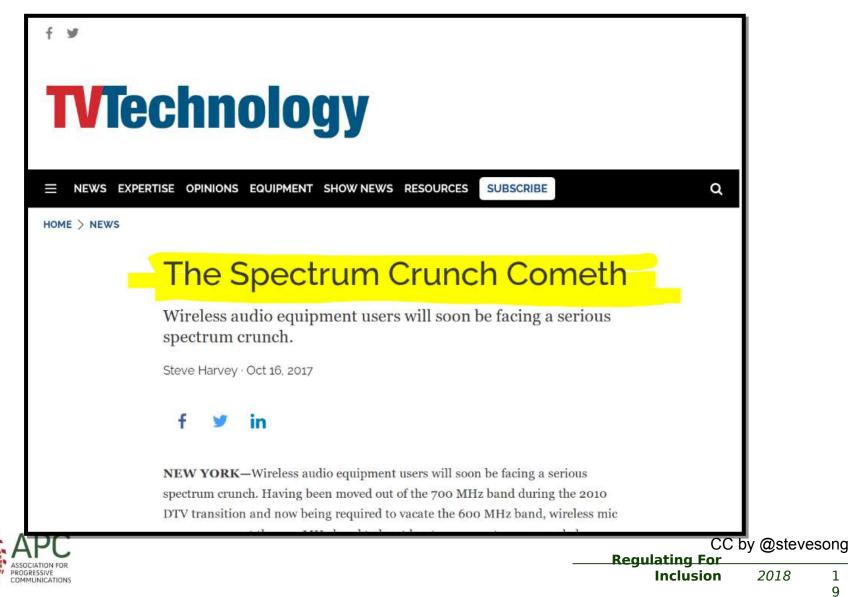
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Inclusion	2018	17

Challenge ACCESS TO SPECTRUM



Access to Spectrum Has Become a Challenge for Regulators



1 g

Spectrum Auctions: Not the whole answer?

Country	Year	Spectrum	Price	#successful bidders
Nigeria	2014	2.3GHz (30MHz)	\$23,000,000	1
Ghana	2015	800MHz (20MHz)	\$67,500,000	1
Nigeria	2016	2.6GHz (60MHz)	\$96,000,000	1
Mozambique	2013	800MHz (10MHz)	\$30,000.000	0

Evidence that high spectrum spends result in:

Lower quality networks and reduced take-up of mobile data services owing to reduced incentives for investment;

Higher consumer prices for mobile broadband data; and

Lost consumer welfare with a purchasing power of US\$250bn across a group of countries where spectrum was priced above the global median.

Source: https://www.gsma.com/spectrum/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/Effective-Spectrum-Pricing-Full-Web.pdf



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Source: Song, 2018 forthcoming

Can We Look Beyond Auctions?





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Current regulation empowers large operators

Regulation ought to enable small-scale operators to address niche markets, geographies, and to stimulate access innovation.



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For Small Operators



Even Subsistence Operators

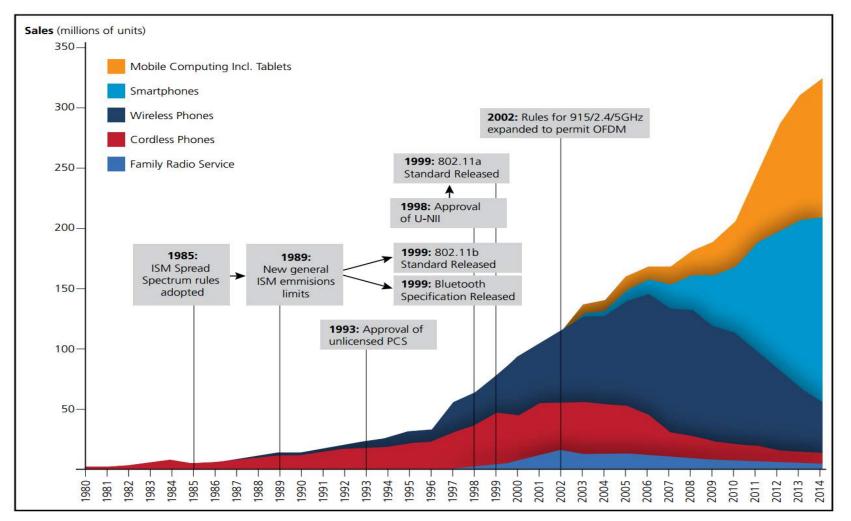
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Opportunity UNLICENSED SPECTRUM (WIFI)



Unlicensed Spectrum Growth

Figure 1: Unlicensed Spectrum Milestones and Selected Device Categories – Growth Over Time

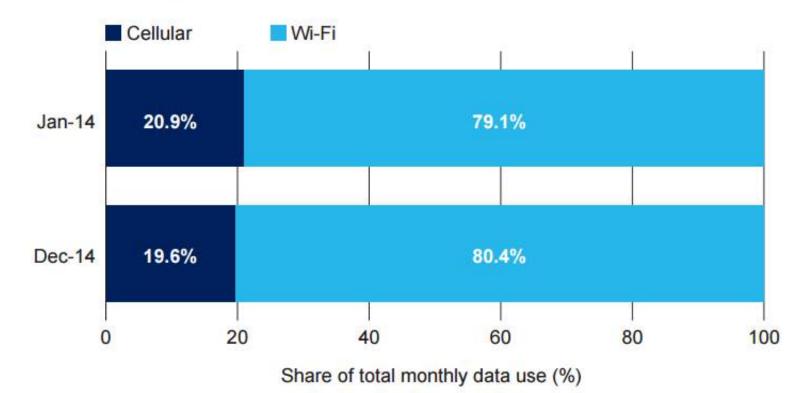




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Growth of Unlicensed Spectrum Use

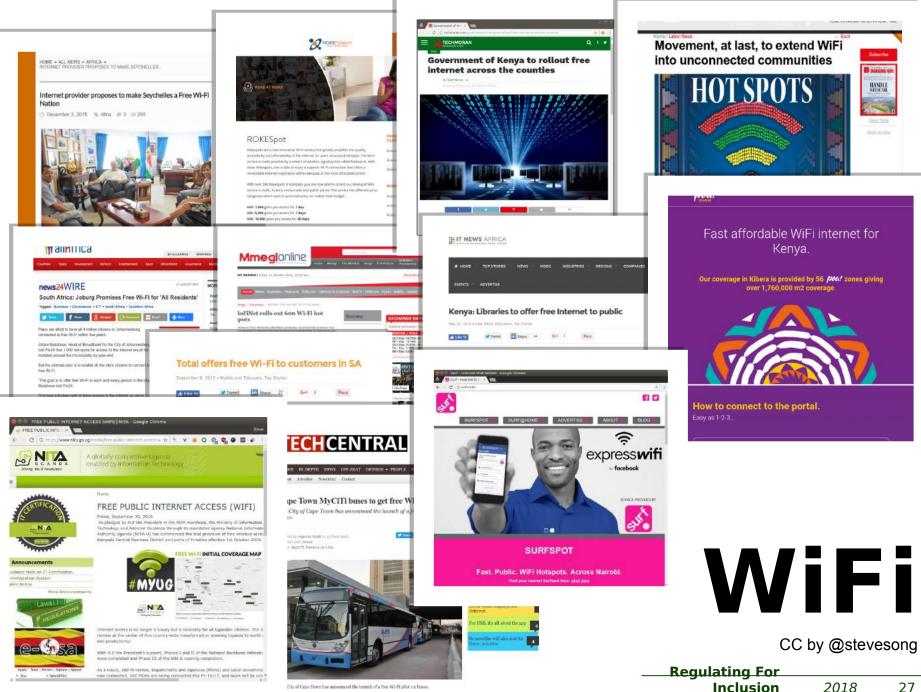
Figure 2: Global, cellular device users, cellular and Wi-Fi share of total monthly data use, January 2014 and December 2014



Source: Mobidia



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City of Cape Town has announced the launch of a free Wi-Fi pilot on bases

2018

Unlicensed Spectrum Potential

Phenomenal Cosmic Powers

Itty Bitty Living Space



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FCC discussing expansion of the unlicensed bands

Freq. (GHz)	Width (MHz)	U-NII Rules (Sec. 15.407)	Digital Modulation Rules (Sec. 15.247)	
5.15-5.25	100	U-NII-1 50 mW max indoor only		
5.25-5.35	100	U-NII-2A 250 mW max DFS required * TPC required *		
5.35-5.47	120	U-NII-2B (new proposed)		
5.47-5.725	255	U-NII-2C 250 mW max DFS required * TPC required *		
5.725-5.825	100	U-NII-3 1W max must cut back power at high point-to-point antenna gains	1W max no power penalty at high point-to-point antenna	
5.825-5.85	25	not U-NII (proposed expansion)	- gains	
5.85-5.925	75	U-NII-4 (new proposed)		

Source FCC 13-22

* DFS: dynamic frequency selection required to detect and avoid certain federal radar systems.

* TPC: transmit power control required (for EIRP ≥500 mW) to minimize interference to certain other users.

Additionally exploring expansion into 5.925-6.425 GHz and 6.425-7.125 GHz bands

Source Notice of Inquiry, GN Docket No. 17-183



Opportunity LOW-COST GSM





Mirli Miel Mabaya Dikilimbi Mayka Watsa Dubeie Aginda **Population Coverage:** 97.6% Uganda **Unserved: 896K** Kampala Butembo Parc des Lubero Virunga

Nagero Faradje

Zaniwe

Dungu

Uganda

Wildlife

Mbale

Bungoma

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2018

Kakameg

Kisumu

Kalobeyei

Homa Bay **Based on GSMA data**

Inclusion

2G Coverage **Regulating For**

Kajo Kej

31

Kitale

Uganda

Population Coverage: 81% Unserved: 6.5M

ARLIA



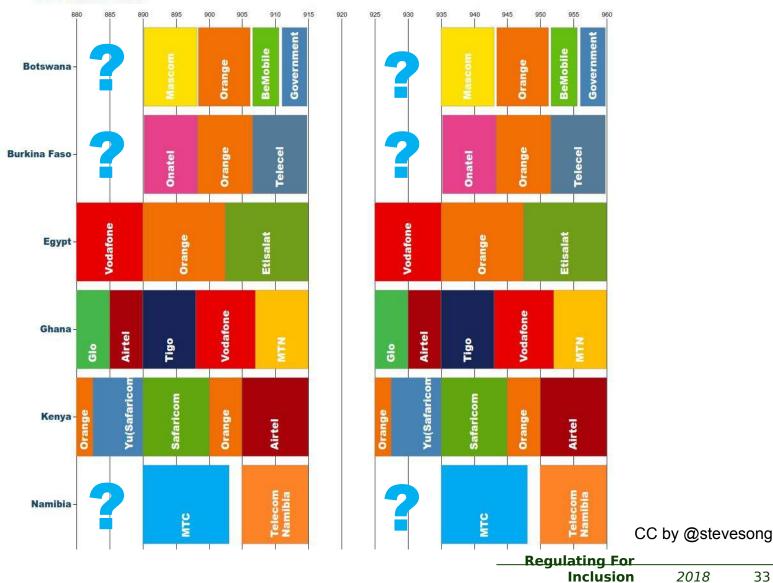
KITGUM

URA

MBALL

Spectrum Availability

900 MHz Band

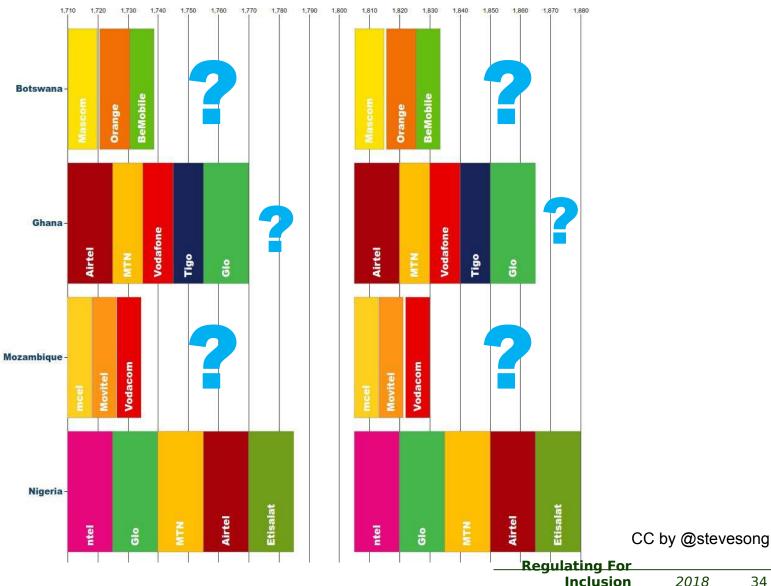


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Spectrum Assignments

1800 MHz Band

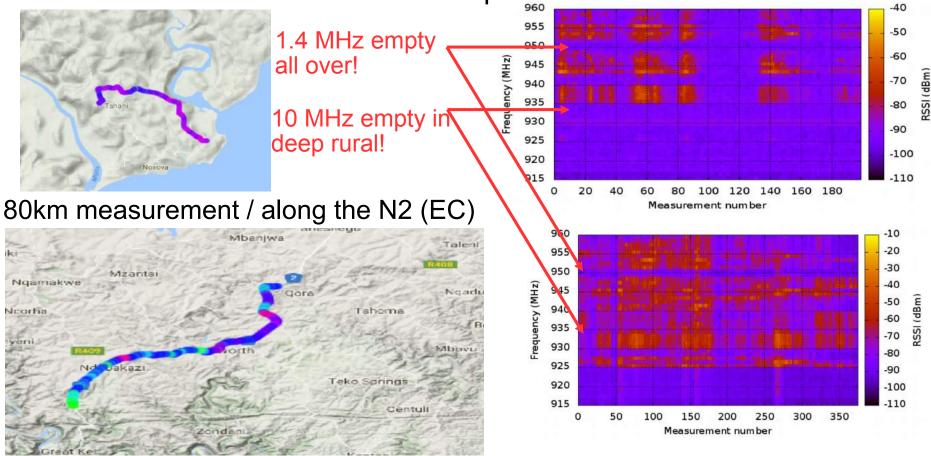


ASSOCIATION FOR PROGRESSIVE COMMUNICATIONS

2018 34

Monitoring Spectrum Use

4km measurement / rural Eastern Cape



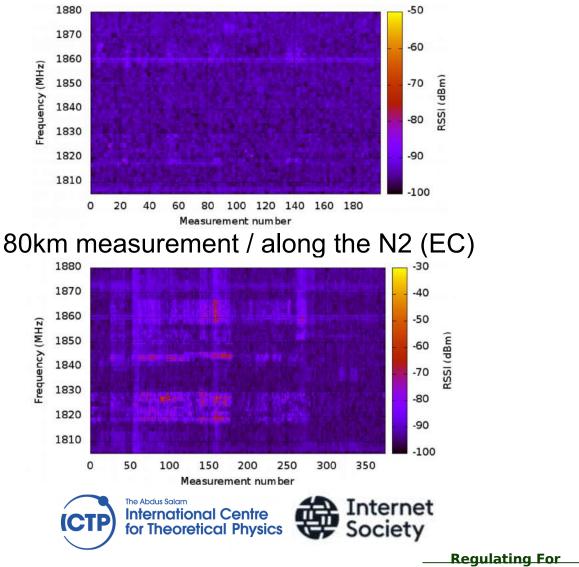






Monitoring Spectrum Use

4km measurement / rural Eastern Cape





Innovative uses of Spectrum

theguardian

home \rangle world \rangle americas asia australia africa middle east cities developn \equiv all

World news Half full: solutions, innovations, answers

'It feels like a gift': mobile phone co-op transforms rural Mexican community

In indigenous communities like Nuyoó, where almost every family has members who have migrated for work, low-cost phone calls are seen as an essential service



People gather in Santiago Nuyoó's main square to hear about the new mobile phone network. The TIC social cooperative has a licence to install networks in 356 marginalised municipalities. Photograph: Nina Lakhani

Mexico – In 2015 IFETEL set aside 2x5MHz in the 850MHz band for Social Purpose Licencees.

With 2x2 MHz Rhizomatica has enabled 20 communities to provide themselves with voice services

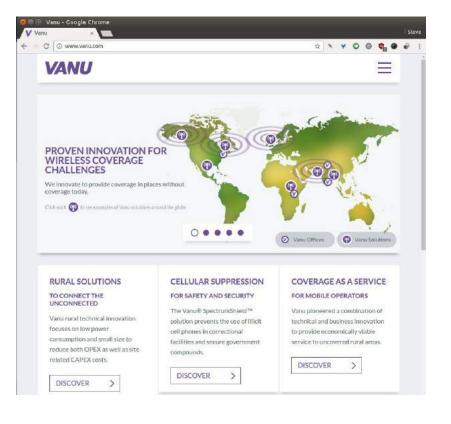
SMMEs like Zenzeleni already have ECS and ECNS exemption, "only" a spectrum licence (exemption) needed

From 22% to 3% of disposable income



Other models







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Opportunity **DYNAMIC SPECTRUM**





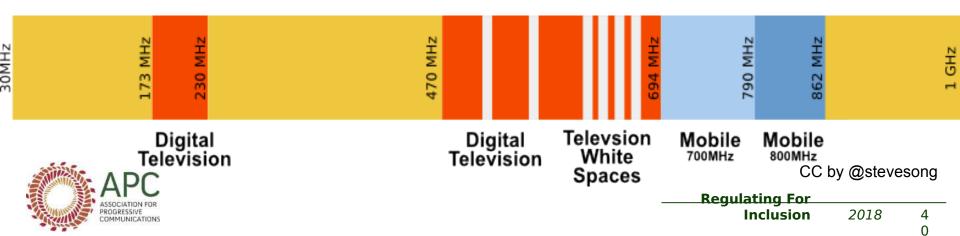
Television White Spaces

Allows for the dynamic re-use of spectrum without interfering with the primary spectrum holder

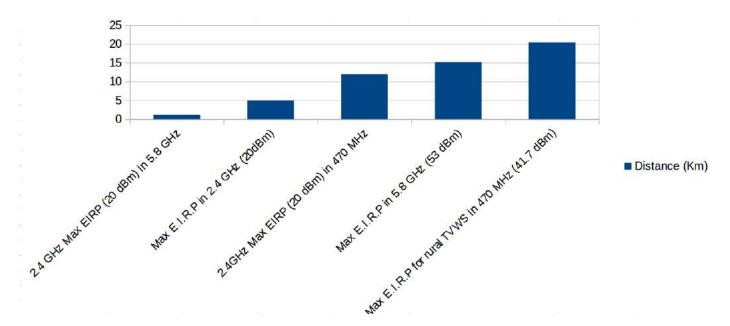
Ideal for rural access

Low television spectrum occupancy in Africa

No re-allocation of spectrum required



Free Space Loss

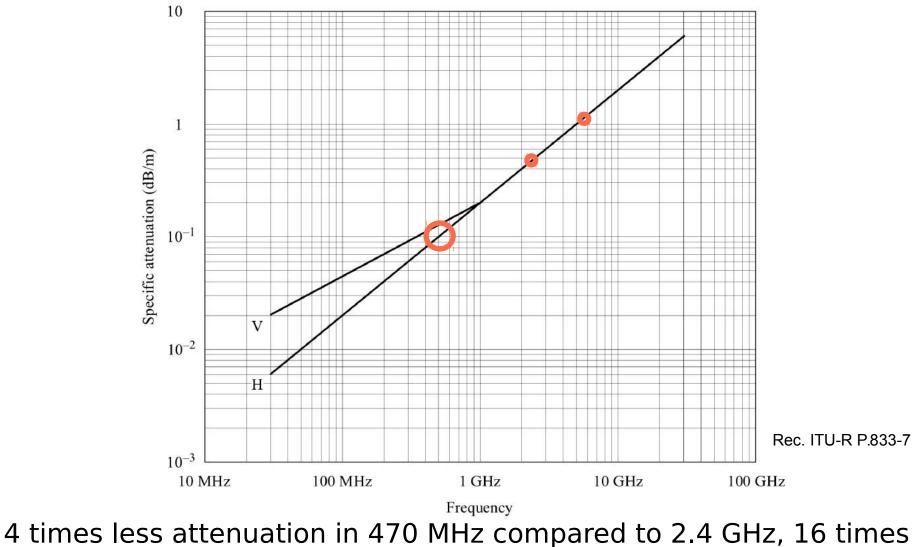


In the same conditions, a link at 470 MHz is 11.5 Km longer than a link at 5.8 GHz and 7.5 Km longer than a link at 2.4 GHz

In real conditions in South Africa, a link at 470 MHz is 15.5 Km longer than a link at 2.4 GHz and 5.5 Km longer than a link at 5.8 GHz



Radio Attenuation in Vegetation

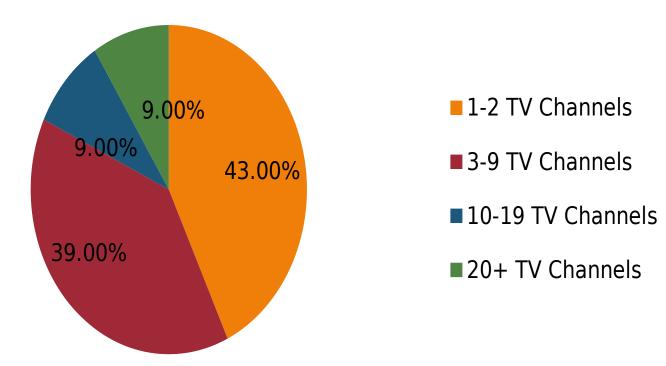


less compared to 5.8 GHz



UHF Spectrum Occupancy in Africa

Television Spectrum Occupancy in African Countries in 2012



Source: Balancing Act Presentation to African Telecommunications Union (ATU) Digital Migration Summit (May 2014) http://www.atu-uat.org/index.php/download-categories/category/10-afriswog-events?download=299:session-3-ppt-1-balancing-act-presentation



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Dynamic Spectrum in Africa



2012 - 2018

Africa countries leading the world in deployments

Opportunity to use fallow UHF spectrum to connect underserved communities

Progress in 2018

- ✓ Mozambique
- ✓ South Africa

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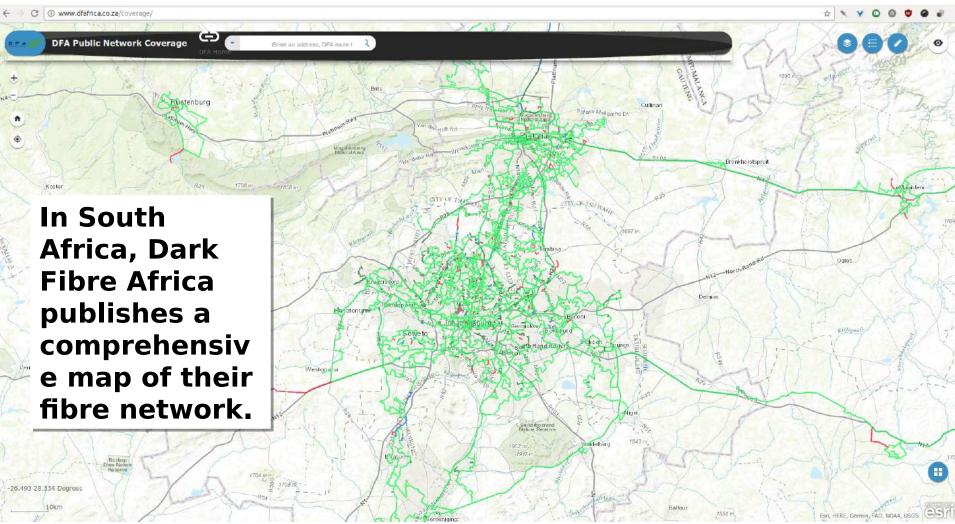


The Case for Open Telecom Data



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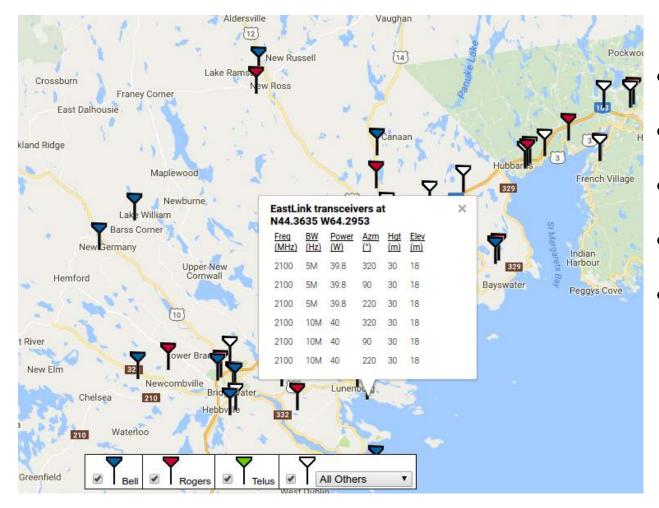
Good Practice





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Good Practice



- Operator
- Location
- Frequency
- Height
- Power



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Inclusion	,	47	

Good Practice

LIST OF ACCESS FREQUENCIES ASSIGNED TO OPERATORS

A. MOBILE WIRELESS ACCESS

Frequency Band	Amount of Spectrum	Assigned Operator	
800 MHz	5MHz paired	Telkom Kenya Limited P.O. Box 30301-00100 NAIROBI	
900 MHz	10MHz paired	Safaricom Limited P.O. Box 46350-00100 NAIROBI	
900 MHz	10MHz paired	Celtel Kenya Limited P.O. Box 73146-00200 NAIROBI	
900MHz	7.5MHz paired	Telkom Kenya Limited P.O. Box 30301-00100 NAIROBI	
900MHz	7.5MHz paired	Essar Telecom Kenya Limited P.O. Box 45742-00100	
1800MHz	TOM Hz aire	O. Box 46350-00100 NAIROBI	
1800MHz	10MHz paired	Celtel Kenya Limited P.O. Box 73146-00200 NAIROBI	
1800MHz	10MHz paired	Telkom Kenya Limited P.O. Box 30301-00100 NAIROBI	
1800MHz	10MHz paired	Essar Telecom Kenya Limited P.O. Box 45742-00100 NAIROBI	
2100MHz	10MHz paired	Safaricom Limited P.O. Box 46350-00100 NAIROBI	
2100MHz	10MHz paired	Celtel Kenya Limited P.O. Box 73146-00200 NAIROBI	
2100MHz	10MHz paired	Telkom Kenya Limited P.O. Box 30301-00100 NAIROBI	

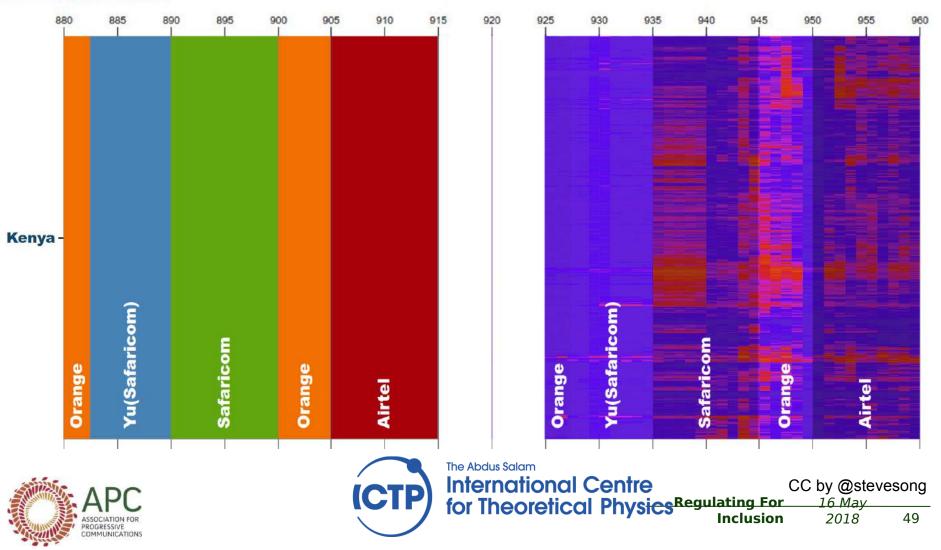
			1800MHz BAND-GSM		
OPERATOR	MTEL	GLO	MTN	AIRTEL	ETISALAT
Tx FREQUENCY	1805-1820	1820-1835	1835-1850	1850-1865	1865-1880
Rx FREQUENCY	1710-1725	1725-1740	1740-1755	1755-1770	1770-1785
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Monitoring Spectrum Use

900 MHz Band



CN friendly regulatory and policy frameworks?

Let's answer that question together



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